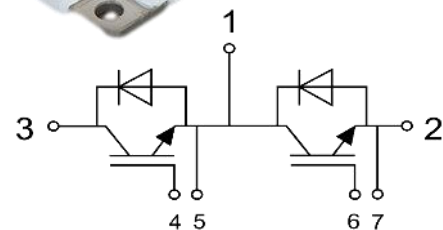


$V_{CES} = 1200V$   
 $I_C = 200A$  at  $T_C = 80^\circ C$   
 $t_{SC} \geq 10\mu sec$   
 $V_{CE(ON)} = 2.30V$  at  $I_C = 200A$

**IGBT Half-Bridge  
POWIR 62mm Package**



**Applications:**

- Industrial Motor Drive
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- Welding and Cutting Machine
- Switched Mode Power Supply
- Induction Heating

Features	Benefits
Low $V_{CE(ON)}$ and Switching Losses	High Efficiency in a Wide Range of Applications
RBSOA Tested	Rugged Transient Performance
10 $\mu$ sec Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	
POWIR 62mm Package	Industry Standard
Lead Free	RoHS Compliant, Environmental Friendly

Base Part Number	Package Type	Standard Pack	Quantity	Orderable Part Number
IRG5K200HF12B	POWIR 62mm	Box	45	IRG5K200HF12B

**Absolute Maximum Ratings of IGBT**

$V_{CES}$	Collector to Emitter Voltage	1200	V
$V_{GES}$	Continuous Gate to Emitter Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$I_C$	Continuous Collector Current	$T_C = 80^\circ C$	200 A
		$T_C = 25^\circ C$	400 A
$I_{CM}$	Pulse Collector Current	$T_J = 150^\circ C$	400 A
$P_D$	Maximum Power Dissipation (IGBT)	$T_C = 25^\circ C, T_J = 150^\circ C$	1250 W
$T_J$	Maximum IGBT Junction Temperature	150	$^\circ C$
$T_{JOP}$	Maximum Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40 to +150	$^\circ C$
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-40 to +125	$^\circ C$

**Electrical Characteristics of IGBT at  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (Unless Otherwise Specified)**

Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200			V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 2mA$	
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	4.5	5.3	6.0	V	$I_C = 1 mA, V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage		2.30	2.60	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_C = 200A, V_{GE} = 15V$
			2.60		V	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$I_{CES}$	Collector to Emitter Leakage Current			2	mA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = V_{CES}$	
$I_{GES}$	Gate to Emitter Leakage Current			400	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V, V_{CE} = 0$	
$R_{Gint}$	Internal Gate Resistance		1.25		$\Omega$		

**Switching Characteristics of IGBT**

Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time		280		ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CC}=600V, I_C = 200A, R_G = 10\Omega, V_{GE}=\pm 15V, \text{Inductive Load}$
			260			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$t_r$	Rise Time		185		ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
			185			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time		850		ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
			900			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$t_f$	Fall Time		115		ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
			125			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$E_{on}$	Turn-on Switching Loss		20.0		mJ	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
			28.4			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$E_{off}$	Turn-off Switching Loss		16.9		mJ	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
			21.1			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge		2370		nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
$C_{ies}$	Input Capacitance		26.0		nF	$V_{CE} = 25V, V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
$C_{oes}$	Output Capacitance		1.80				
$C_{res}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		0.72				
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	Trapezoid				$I_C = 400A, V_{CC} = 960V, V_P = 1200V, R_G = 15\Omega, V_{GE} = +15V \text{ to } 0V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	10			$\mu s$	$V_{CC} = 600V, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	

**Absolute Maximum Ratings of Freewheeling Diode**

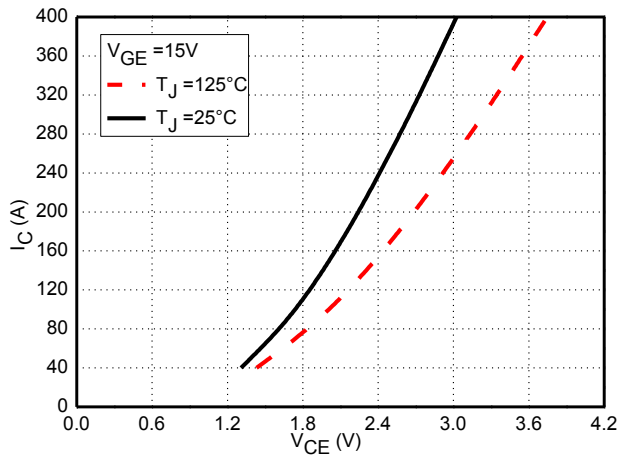
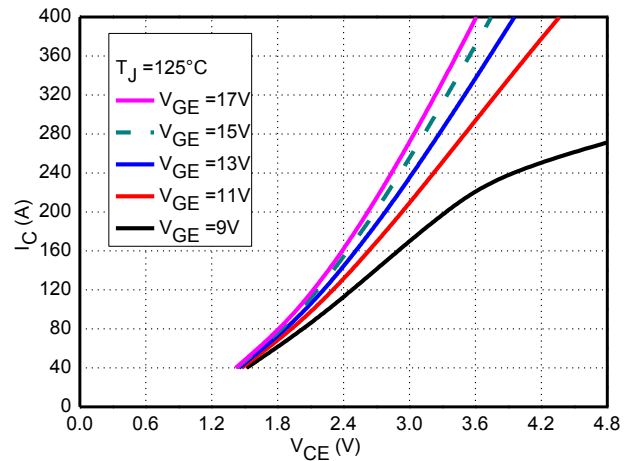
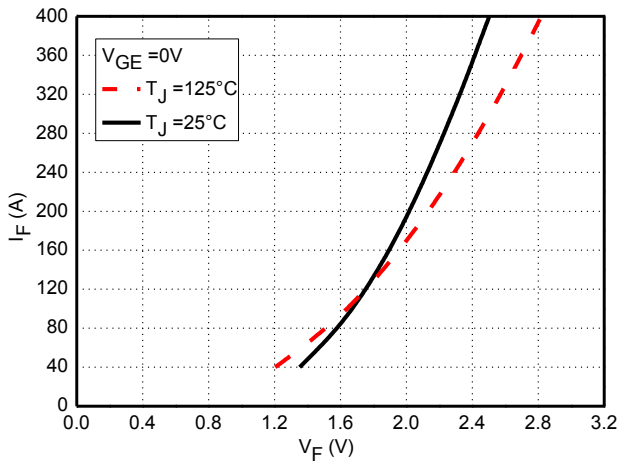
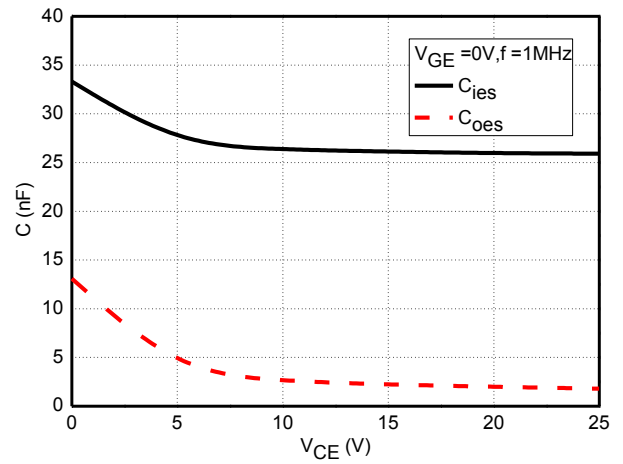
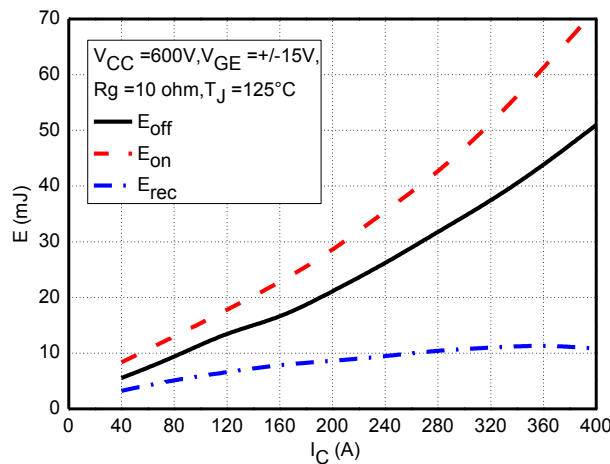
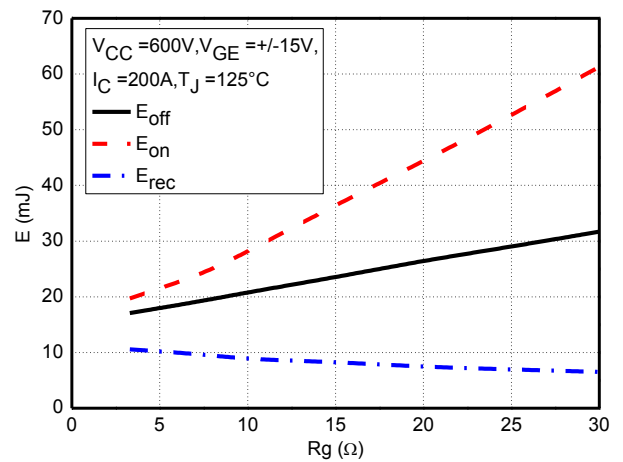
$V_{RRM}$	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	1200	V
$I_F$	Diode Continuous Forward Current, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	400	A
	Diode Continuous Forward Current, $T_C = 80^\circ\text{C}$	200	
$I_{FM}$	Pulse Diode Current	400	A

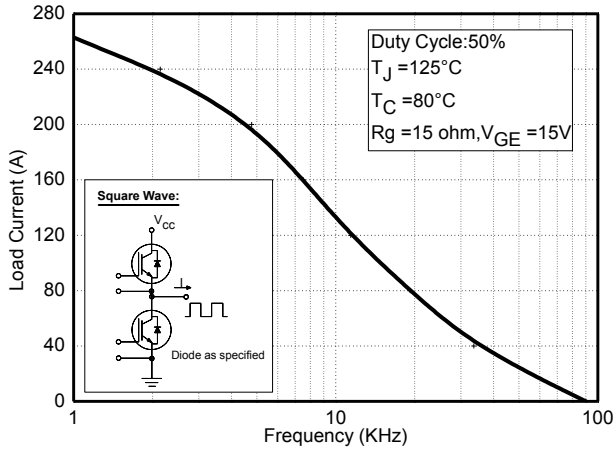
**Electrical and Switching Characteristics of Freewheeling Diode**

Parameter		Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
$V_F$	Forward Voltage	2.00	2.70	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 200\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$
		2.20			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$I_{rr}$	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	90		A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 200\text{A}$ , $di/dt = 1290\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_{rr} = 600\text{V}$ , $V_{GE} = -15\text{V}$
		130			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	9.7		$\mu\text{C}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
		22.5			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
$E_{rec}$	Reverse Recovery Energy	3.8		mJ	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
		8.7			$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	

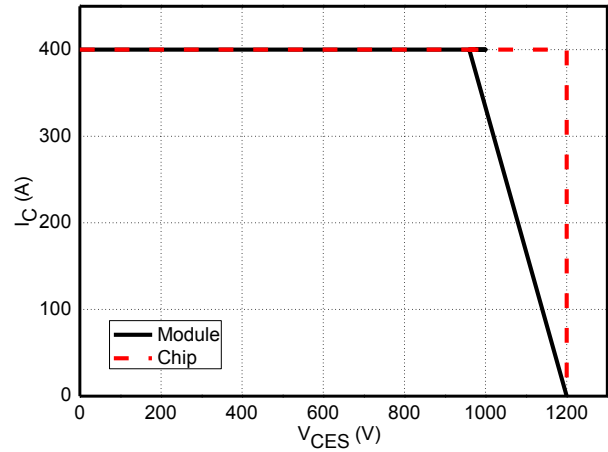
**Module Characteristics**

Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{iso}$	Isolation Voltage (All Terminals Shorted), $f = 50\text{Hz}$ , 1minute			2500	V
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case (IGBT)		0.100		$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case (Diode)		0.204		$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-To-Sink (Conductive Grease Applied)		0.1		$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
M	Power Terminals Screw: M6	3.0		5.0	N·m
M	Mounting Screw: M6	4.0		6.0	N·m
G	Weight		230		g

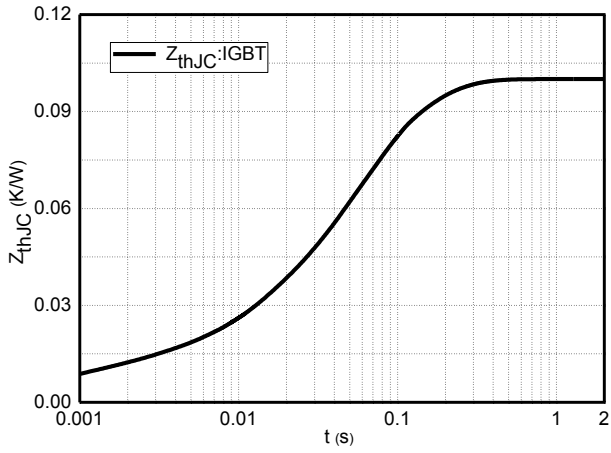

**Fig.1 Typical IGBT Saturation Characteristics**

**Fig.2 Typical IGBT Output Characteristics**

**Fig.3 Typical Freewheeling Diode Characteristics**

**Fig. 4 Typical Capacitance Characteristics**

**Fig.5 Typical Switching Loss vs. Collector Current**

**Fig.6 Typical Switching Loss vs. Gate Resistance**



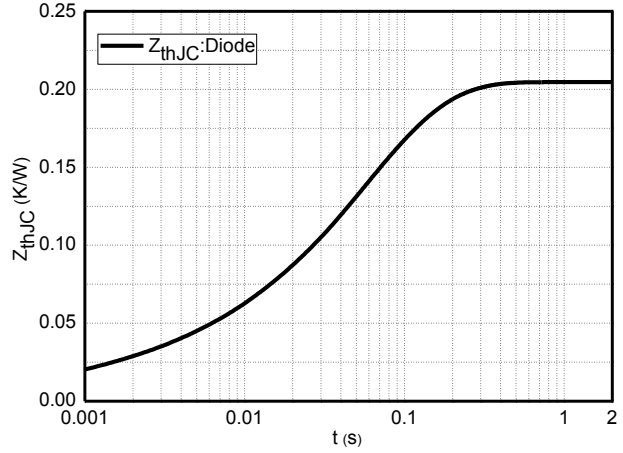
**Fig.7 Typical Load Current vs. Frequency**



**Fig.8 Reverse Bias Safe Operation Area (RBSOA)**



**Fig.9 Typical Transient Thermal Impedance (IGBT)**



**Fig.10 Typical Transient Thermal Impedance (Diode)**

