

AOL1418
N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor
General Description

The AOL1418 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$, low gate charge and low gate resistance. This device is ideally suited for use as a high side switch in CPU core power conversion.

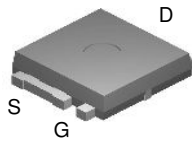
- RoHS Compliant
- Halogen and Antimony Free Green Device*

Features

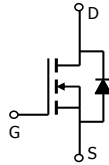
V_{DS} (V) = 30V
 I_D = 85A (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)}$ < 6 m Ω (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)}$ < 10.5m Ω (V_{GS} = 4.5V)

UIS Tested
 Rg,Ciss,Coss,Crss Tested

UltraSO-8™ Top View



Bottom tab
 connected to
 drain


Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | Maximum | Units |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------|------------------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DS} | 30 | V |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | ± 20 | V |
| Continuous Drain Current ^B | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ ^G | 85 | A |
| | $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ | 70 | |
| Pulsed Drain Current ^I | I_{DM} | 200 | |
| Continuous Drain Current ^G | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 15 | |
| | $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | 12 | |
| Avalanche Current ^C | I_{AR} | 30 | A |
| Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.3\text{mH}$ ^C | E_{AR} | 135 | mJ |
| Power Dissipation ^B | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 100 | W |
| | $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ | 50 | |
| Power Dissipation ^A | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 2.08 | W |
| | $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.3 | |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range | T_J, T_{STG} | -55 to 175 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Max | Units |
|--|-----------------|--------------|-----|---------------------------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 14.4 | 25 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | | Steady-State | 37 | 60 |
| Maximum Junction-to-Case ^C | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 1 | 1.5 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|------|------|---------------|
| STATIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| BV_{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | 30 | | | V |
| I_{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | $V_{DS}=30\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 1 | μA |
| | | | | | 5 | |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-Body leakage current | $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$ | | | 100 | nA |
| $V_{GS(th)}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$ | 1.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 | V |
| $I_{D(ON)}$ | On state drain current | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=5\text{V}$ | 200 | | | A |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 5 | 6 | m Ω |
| | | | | 6.7 | 8.1 | |
| | | $V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=20\text{A}$ | | 8.3 | 10.5 | m Ω |
| g_{FS} | Forward Transconductance | $V_{DS}=5\text{V}$, $I_D=20\text{A}$ | | 60 | | S |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | $I_S=1\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | | 0.72 | 1 | V |
| I_S | Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current | | | | 85 | A |
| DYNAMIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$ | 1050 | 1320 | 1600 | pF |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | | | | 533 | pF |
| C_{riss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | | | 154 | pF |
| R_g | Gate resistance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$ | | 0.95 | 1.5 | Ω |
| SWITCHING PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| $Q_g(10\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | $V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $I_D=20\text{A}$ | | 26 | 32 | nC |
| $Q_g(4.5\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | | | 13.3 | 16.2 | nC |
| Q_{gs} | Gate Source Charge | | | 3.2 | | nC |
| Q_{gd} | Gate Drain Charge | | | 6.6 | | nC |
| $t_{D(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $R_L=0.75\Omega$, $R_{GEN}=3\Omega$ | | 7.2 | 10 | ns |
| t_r | Turn-On Rise Time | | | 12.5 | 18 | ns |
| $t_{D(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | | | 22 | 33 | ns |
| t_f | Turn-Off Fall Time | | | 6 | 9 | ns |
| t_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time | | $I_F=20\text{A}$, $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 29.7 | 36 |
| Q_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge | $I_F=20\text{A}$, $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 29 | 36 | nC |

A: The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

B: The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(MAX)}=175^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(MAX)}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

D: The $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case $R_{\theta JC}$ and case to ambient.

E: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\mu\text{s}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F: These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(MAX)}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

G: The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

H: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

I: Pulse test; pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 0.5\%$

* This device is guaranteed green after date code 8P11 (June 1ST 2008)

Rev6:May 2010

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

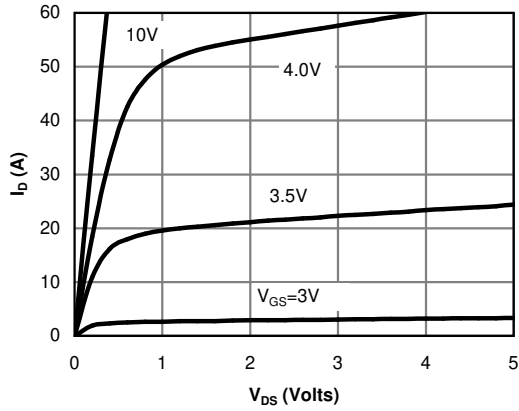


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

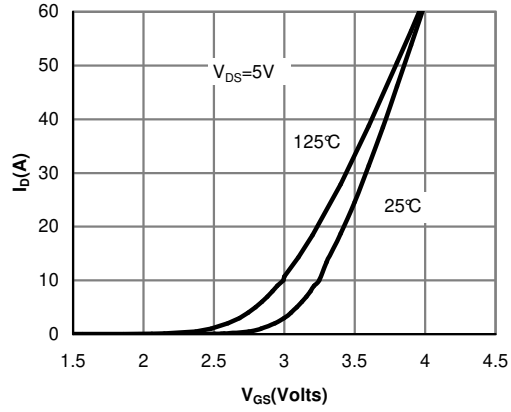


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

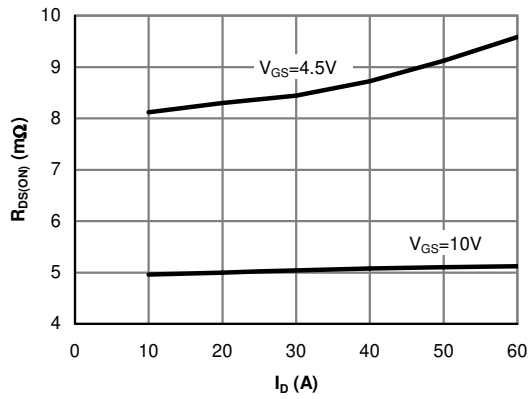


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

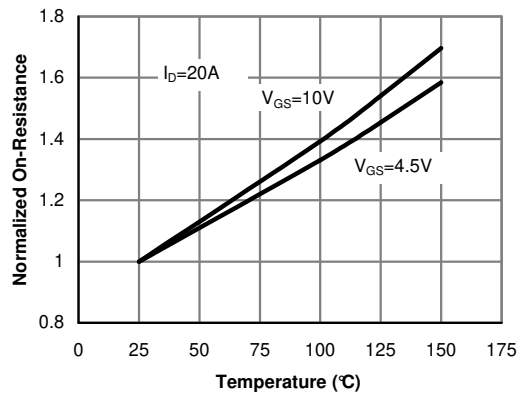


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

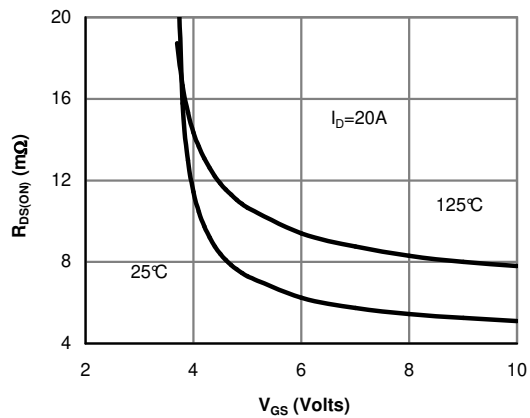


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

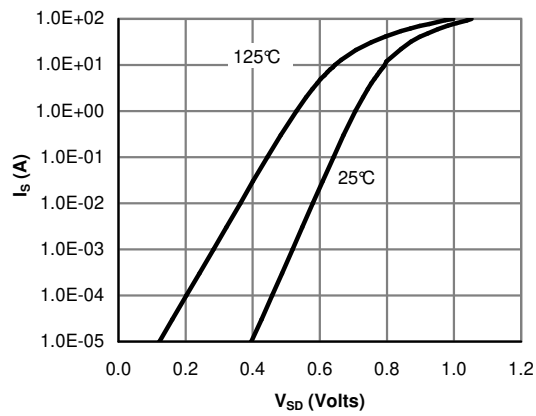


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

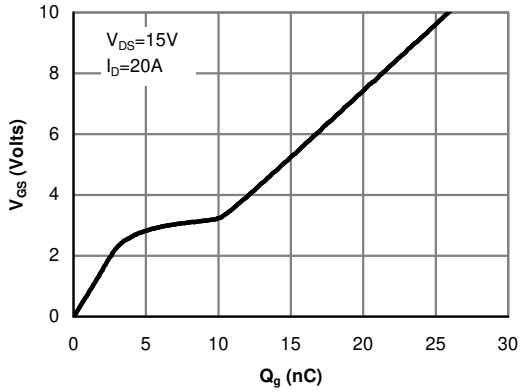


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

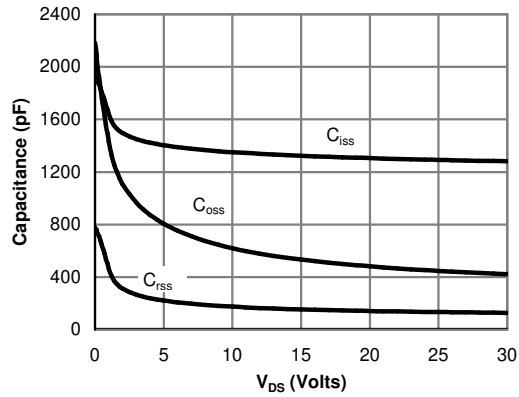


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

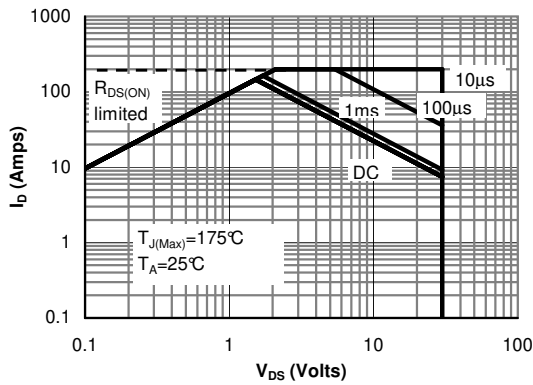


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note H)

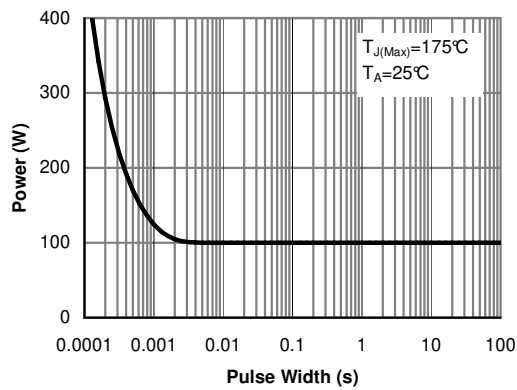


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

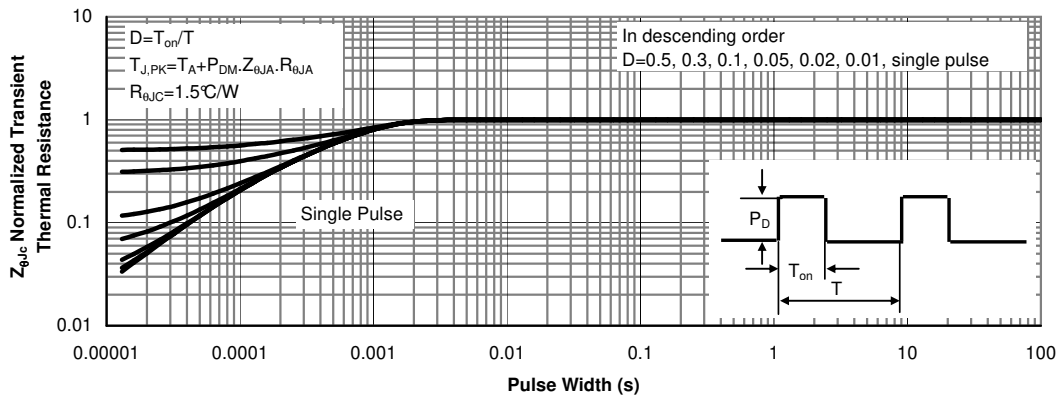


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

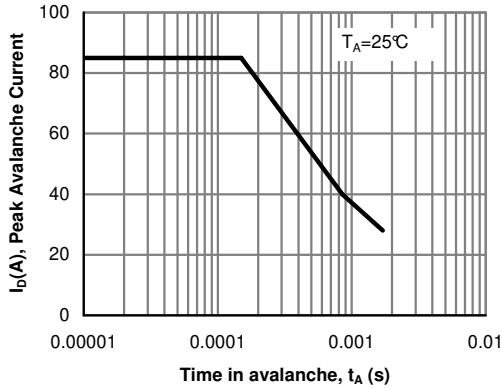


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability

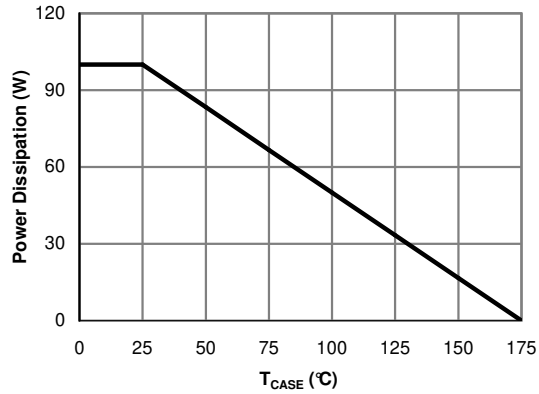


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note B)

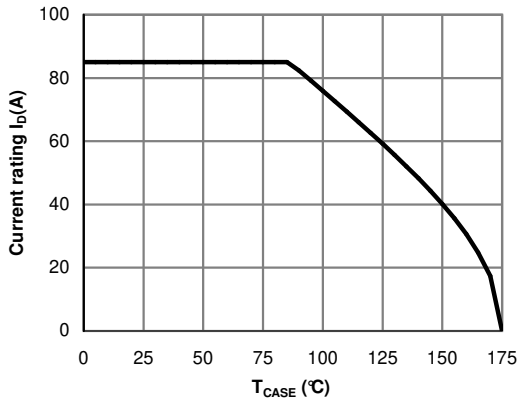


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note B)

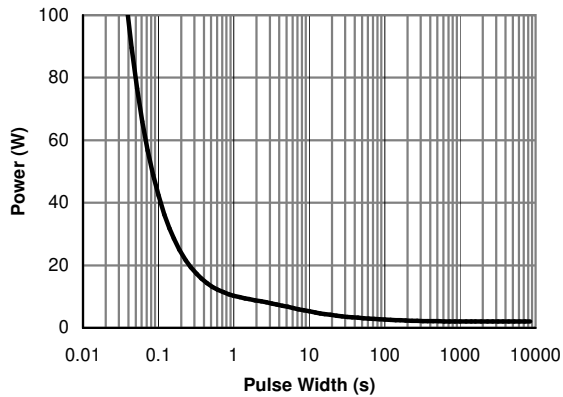


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

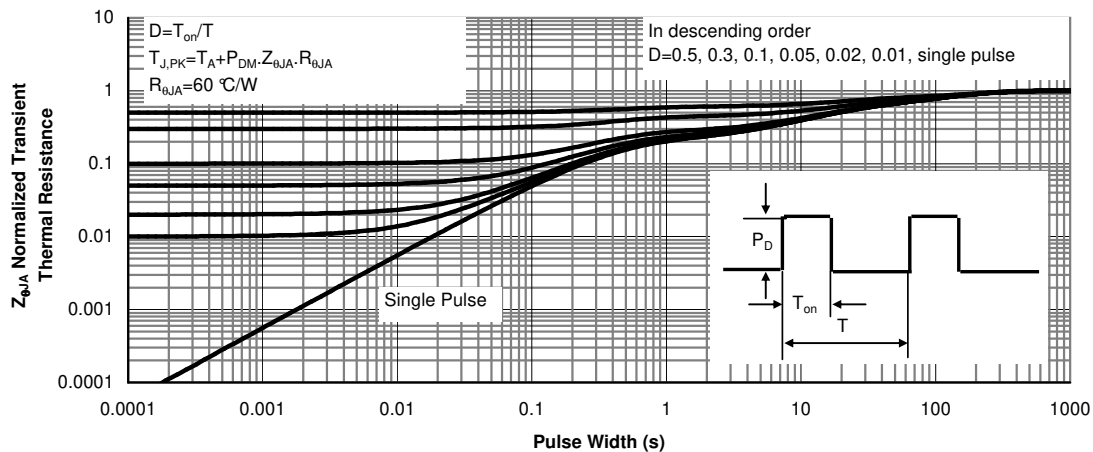
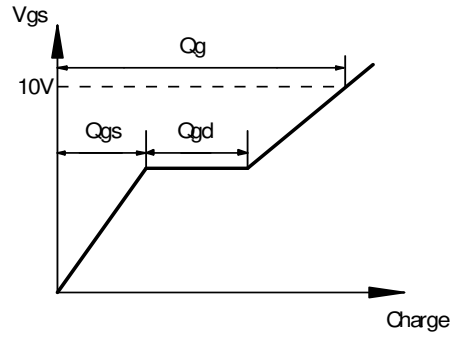
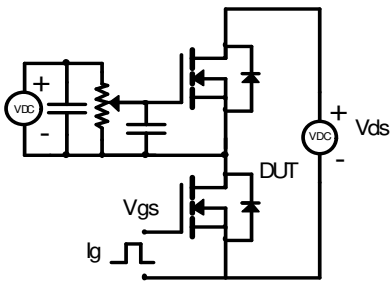
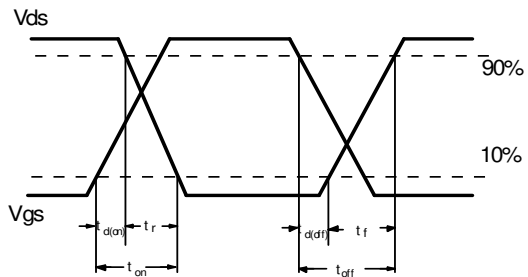
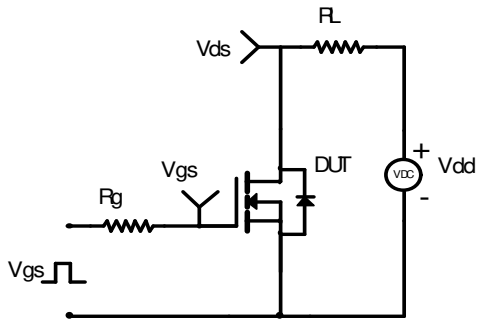


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

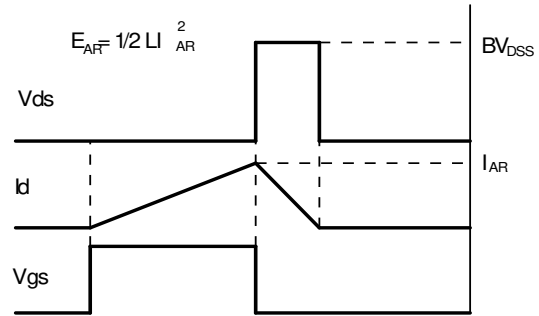
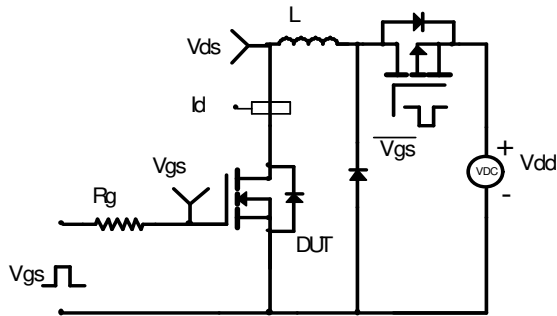
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

