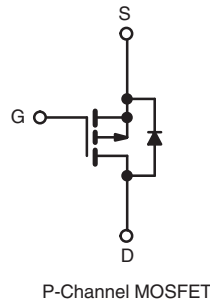
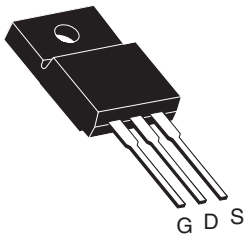


Power MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY		
V_{DS} (V)	- 200	
$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω)	$V_{GS} = -10$ V	1.5
Q_g (Max.) (nC)	15	
Q_{gs} (nC)	3.2	
Q_{gd} (nC)	8.4	
Configuration	Single	

TO-220 FULLPAK


FEATURES

- Isolated Package
- High Voltage Isolation = 2.5 kV_{RMS} (t = 60 s; f = 60 Hz)
- Sink to Lead Creepage Dist. = 4.8 mm
- P-Channel
- Dynamic dV/dt
- Low Thermal Resistance
- Lead (Pb)-free Available


 Available
RoHS*
 COMPLIANT

DESCRIPTION

Third generation Power MOSFETs from Vishay provide the designer with the best combination of fast switching, ruggedized device design, low on-resistance and cost-effectiveness.

The TO-220 FULLPAK eliminates the need for additional insulating hardware in commercial-industrial applications. The molding compound used provides a high isolation capability and a low thermal resistance between the tab and external heatsink. This isolation is equivalent to using a 100 micron mica barrier with standard TO-220 product. The FULLPAK is mounted to a heatsink using a single clip or by a single screw fixing.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Package	TO-220 FULLPAK
Lead (Pb)-free	IRFI9620GPbF
	SiHFI9620G-E3
SnPb	IRFI9620G
	SiHFI9620G

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS $T_C = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT	
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	- 200	V	
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20		
Continuous Drain Current	V_{GS} at - 10 V	$T_C = 25$ °C	- 3.0	A
		$T_C = 100$ °C	- 1.9	
Pulsed Drain Current ^a	I_{DM}	- 12		
Linear Derating Factor		0.24	W/°C	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ^b	E_{AS}	80	mJ	
Repetitive Avalanche Current ^a	I_{AR}	- 3.0	A	
Repetitive Avalanche Energy ^a	E_{AR}	3.0	mJ	
Maximum Power Dissipation	$T_C = 25$ °C	P_D	30	W
Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt ^c	dV/dt	- 5.0	V/ns	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	- 55 to + 150	°C	
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)	for 10 s	300 ^d		
Mounting Torque	6-32 or M3 screw	10		lbf · in
		1.1	N · m	

Notes

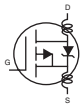
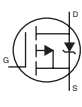
- Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 11).
- $V_{DD} = -50$ V, starting $T_J = 25$ °C, L = 13 mH, $R_G = 25$ Ω , $I_{AS} = -3.0$ A (see fig. 12).
- $I_{SD} \leq -3.9$ A, $dI/dt \leq 95$ A/ μ s, $V_{DD} \leq V_{DS}$, $T_J \leq 150$ °C.
- 1.6 mm from case.

* Pb containing terminations are not RoHS compliant, exemptions may apply

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS

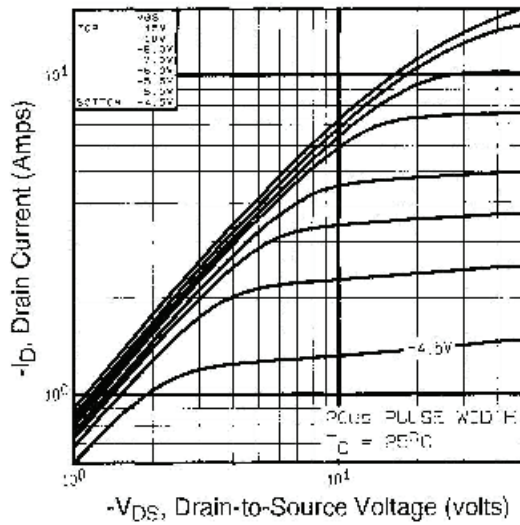
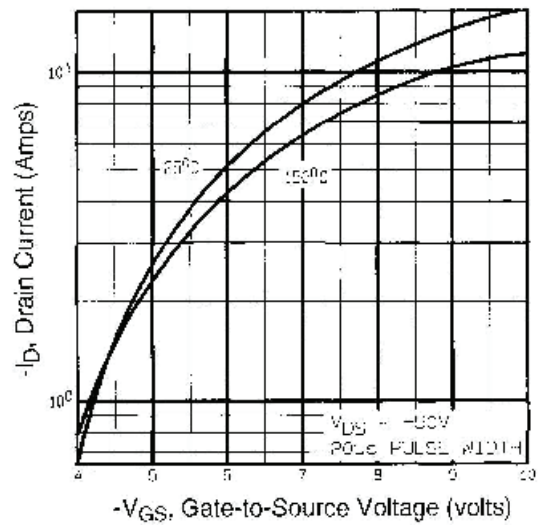
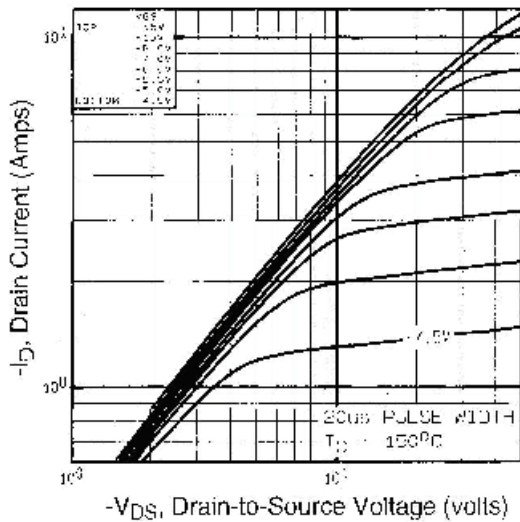
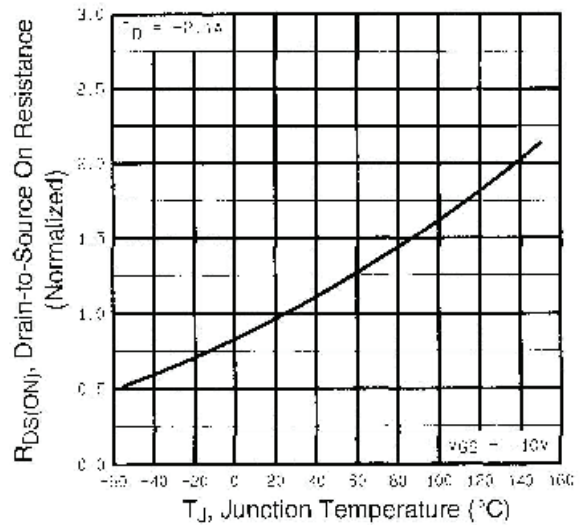
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	R_{thJA}	-	65	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	R_{thJC}	-	4.1	

SPECIFICATIONS $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Static						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{DS}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	-200	-	-	V
V_{DS} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$	Reference to $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $I_D = -1\text{ mA}$	-	-0.22	-	V/°C
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	-2.0	-	-4.0	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{ V}$	-	-	± 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = -200\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	-	-	-100	μA
		$V_{DS} = -160\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-500	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$, $I_D = -1.8\text{ A}^b$	-	-	1.5	Ω
Forward Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} = -50\text{ V}$, $I_D = -1.8\text{ A}^b$	1.3	-	-	S
Dynamic						
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$, see fig. 5	-	340	-	pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}		-	110	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}		-	33	-	
Drain to Sink Capacitance	C	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	-	12	-	
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$, $I_D = -2.1\text{ A}$, $V_{DS} = -160\text{ V}$, see fig. 6 and 13 ^b	-	-	15	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{GS}		-	-	3.2	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{GD}		-	-	8.4	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = -100\text{ V}$, $I_D = -3.9\text{ A}$, $R_G = 18\text{ }\Omega$, $R_D = 24\text{ }\Omega$, see fig. 10 ^b	-	8.8	-	ns
Rise Time	t_r		-	27	-	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	7.3	-	
Fall Time	t_f		-	19	-	
Internal Drain Inductance	L_D	Between lead, 6 mm (0.25") from package and center of die contact	-	4.5	-	nH
Internal Source Inductance	L_S		-	7.5	-	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I_S	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p - n junction diode	-	-	-3.0	A
Pulsed Diode Forward Current ^a	I_{SM}		-	-	-12	
Body Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = -3.0\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}^b$	-	-	-6.3	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = -3.9\text{ A}$, $dI/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}^b$	-	150	300	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.97	2.0	μC
Forward Turn-On Time	t_{on}	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by L_S and L_D)				

Notes

- a. Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 11).
b. Pulse width $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 4 - Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

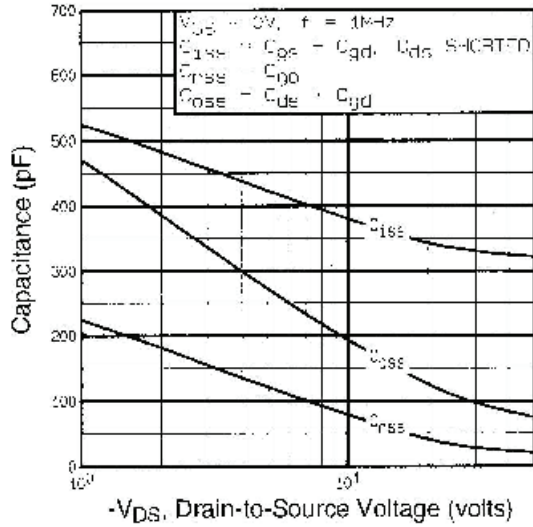


Fig. 5 - Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

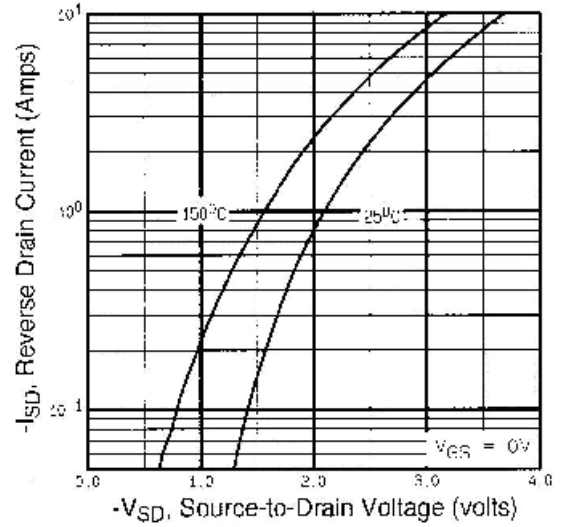


Fig. 7 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

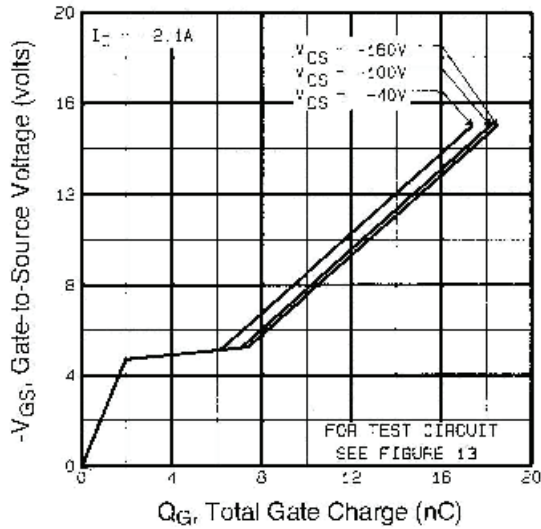


Fig. 6 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

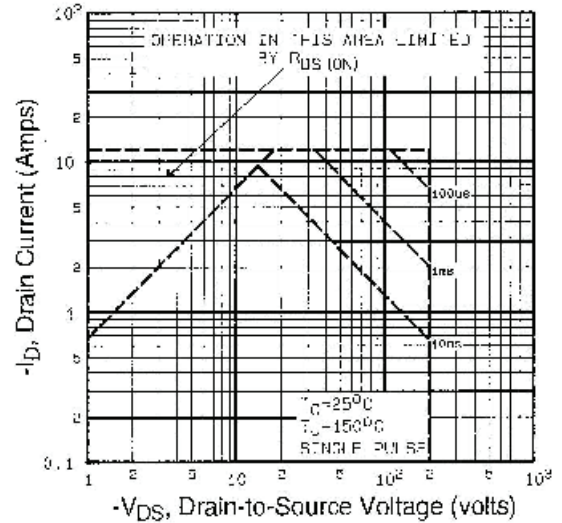


Fig. 8 - Maximum Safe Operating Area

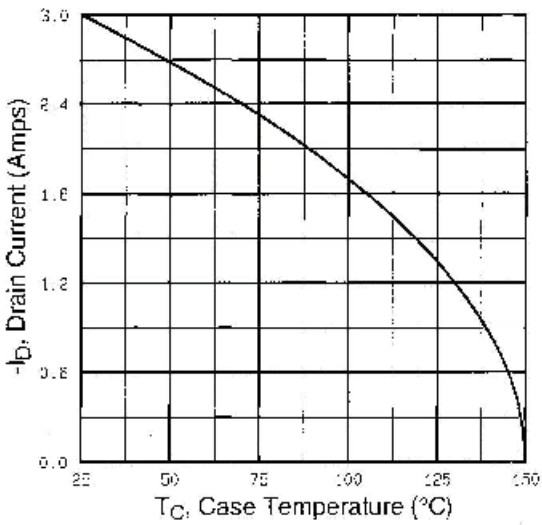


Fig. 9 - Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

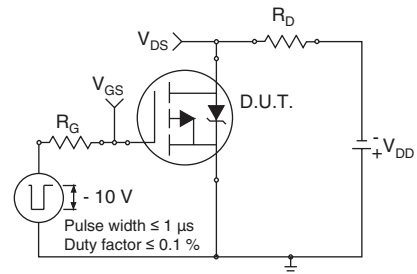


Fig. 10a - Switching Time Test Circuit

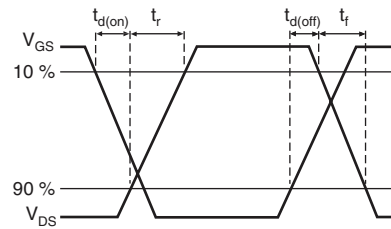


Fig. 10b - Switching Time Waveforms

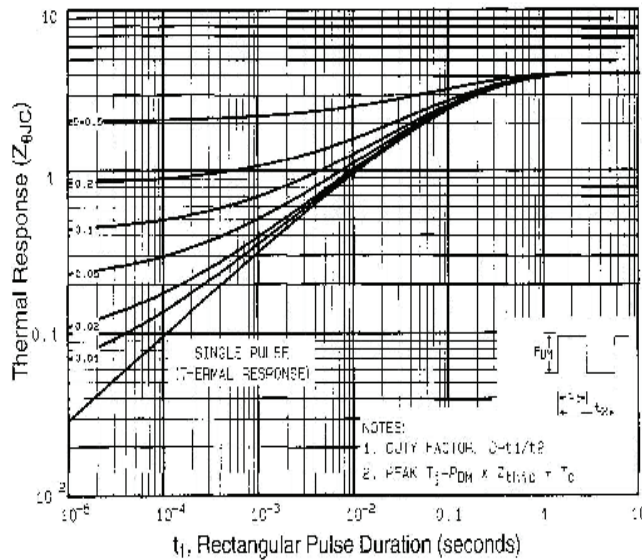


Fig. 11 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

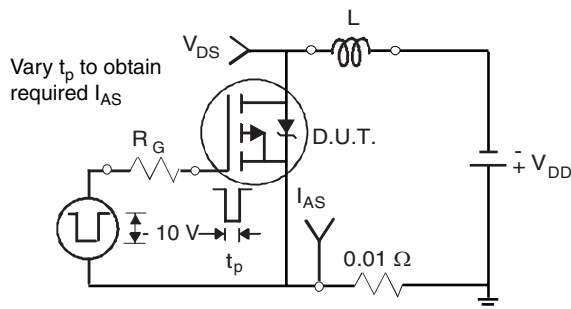


Fig. 12a - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

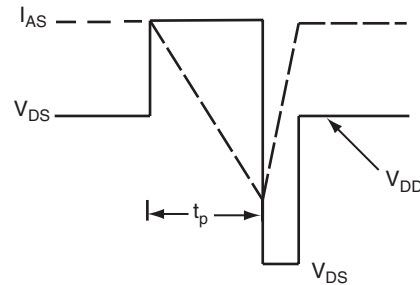


Fig. 12b - Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

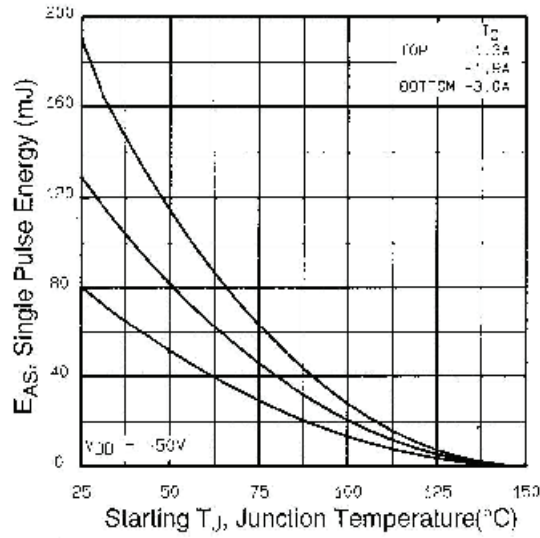


Fig. 12c - Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

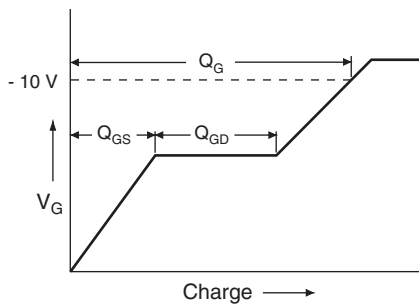


Fig. 13a - Basic Gate Charge Waveform

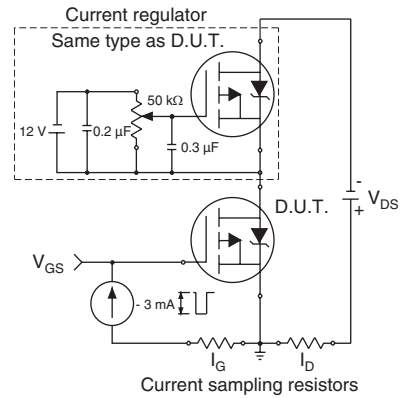
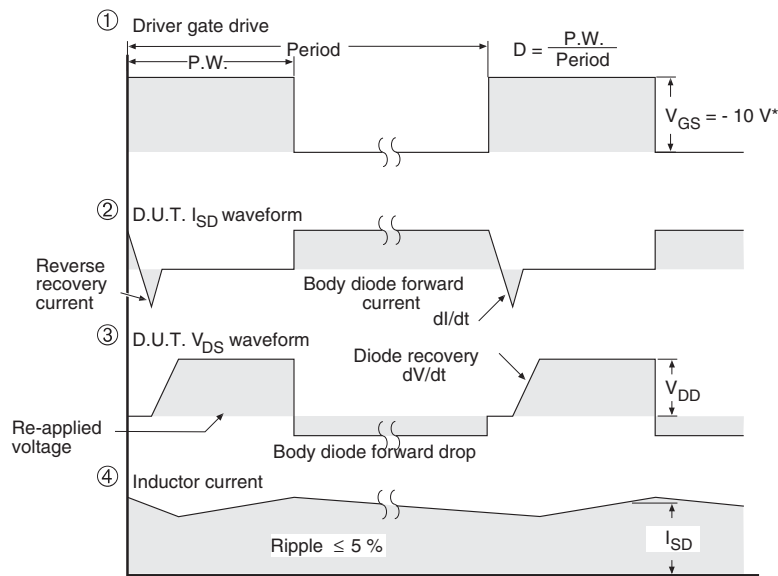
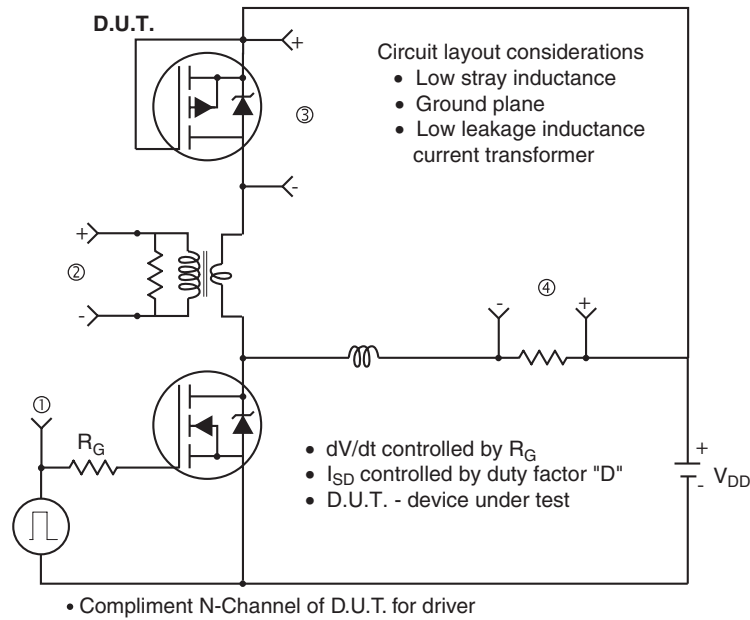


Fig. 13b - Gate Charge Test Circuit

Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt Test Circuit



* $V_{GS} = -5\text{ V}$ for logic level and -3 V drive devices

Fig. 14 - For P-Channel

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?91166.



Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and / or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.